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Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended .

Unit Name Oneida Charter Township	County EATON	Type TOWNSHIP		MuniCode 23-1-110
Opinion Date Jun 5, 2008	Audit Submitted		Fiscal Year	December 31, 2007

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Place a check next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answer "No".

X	 Are all required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements? 				
X	2. Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?				
	3. Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?				
X	4. Is this unit in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury?				
X	5. Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required funds?				
X	6. Was a public hearing on the budget held in accordance with State statute?				
X	7. Is the local unit in compliance with the Revised Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, and other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division?				
X	8. Has the local unit distributed tax revenues, that were collected for another taxing unit, timely as required by the general property tax act?				
X	9. Do all deposits/investments comply with statutory requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?				
×	10. Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)				
X	11. Is the unit free of any indications of fraud or illegal acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate report under separate cover.)				
	12. Is the local unit free of repeated reported deficiencies from previous years?				
X	13. Is the audit opinion unqualified? 14. If not, what type of opinion is it? NA				
X	15. Has the local unit complied with GASB 34 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)?				
X	16. Has the board or council approved all disbursements prior to payment as required by charter or statute?				
X	17. To your knowledge, were the bank reconciliations that were reviewed performed timely?				
X	18. Are there reported deficiencies?				

General Fund Revenue:	\$ 581,439.00
General Fund Expenditure:	\$ 462,622.00
Major Fund Deficit Amount:	\$ 0.00

General Fund Balance:	\$ 413,206.00
Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (see instructions):	\$ 465,054.00

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (Reported deviations).

CPA (First Name) Steven	Last Name Piesko	Ten Digit Lice	nse Number 1101	026796	
CPA Street Address 544 Cherbourg Drive	City Lansing	State MI	te MI Zip Code 48917		+1 (517) 323-7500
CPA Firm Name Maner, Costerisan & Ellis	Unit's Street 11041 Oneida R	oad City (Grand ledge		Zip Code48837

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary and additional information)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent auditors' report	iii - iv
Management's Discussion and Analysis	v - x
Basic financial statements	
Governmental fund balance sheet/statement of net assets	1
Governmental fund revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance/statement of activities	2
Fiduciary fund	
Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities	3
Notes to financial statements	4 - 13
Required Supplementary Information	14
Budgetary comparison schedule - general fund	15 - 19
Additional information	20
General fund	
Balance sheets	21
Statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	22
Schedule of installment note payable	23
Schedule of general assessment payable	24
Fiduciary funds	
Statement of changes in assets and liabilities - tax collection fund	25
Statement of eash receipts and disbursements - current tax collection fur	ad 26



Lamonte T. Lator Bruce J. Dunn Jeffrey C. Stevens Linda I. Schirmer Steven W. Scott David M. Raeck Robert E. Miller, Jr, Steven B. Robbins James E. Nyquist James R. Dedyne Timothy H. Adams David B. Caldwell Edward L. Williams, III Timothy J. Orians Dennis D. Theis James A. McNeeley

Walter P. Maner, Jr. (1921-2004) Floyd L. Costerisan Leon A. Ellis (1933-1988)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township Supervisor and Members of the Township Board Oneida Charter Township County of Eaton, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oneida Charter Township, County of Eaton, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 which collectively comprises the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Oneida Charter Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oneida Charter Township, County of Eaton, Michigan as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis budgetary comparison information on pages v through x and 15 through 19 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oneida Charter Township's basic financial statements. The additional information presented in pages 21 through 26 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mane, Costensar & Ellis, R.C.

June 5, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Oncida Charter Township (Township), we offer readers of the Oncida Charter Township's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Oncida Charter Township for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,063,568 (net assets). Of this amount, \$445,151 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- > The government's total net assets increased by \$172,386.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$413,206, a increase of \$118,817, in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$413,206, or 89 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The Township's total debt decreased \$71,162. The key factor in this decrease was the paying down of debt based on the maturity schedules.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary and additional information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., delinquent personal property taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, economic development, and culture and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund in the required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 3 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 4 through 13 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's general fund budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 15 through 19 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the Township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,063,568 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Township's net assets (58 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, drain usage rights and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Township uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Township's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Oneida Charter Township's Net Assets

	Governmental activites		
	2007	2006	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 639,353 1,083,471	\$ 469,752 1,115,295	
Total assets	1,722,824	1,585,047	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	392,248 267,008	465,054 269,181	
Total liabilities	659,256	734,235	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	618,417 445,151	579,079 271,733	
Total net assets	\$ 1,063,568	\$ 850,812	

The balance of unrestricted net assets (\$445,151 or 42 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets, for the government as a whole.

The government's net assets increased by \$172,386 during the current fiscal year. The majority of the increase is due to increased tax and cable franchise revenues.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Township's net assets by \$172,386. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Oneida Charter Township's Changes in Net Assets

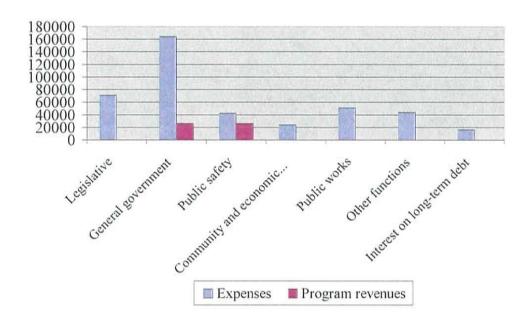
	Governmental activities			
	2007	2006		
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 51,821	\$ 43,486		
Property taxes	207,779	190,972		
State revenue sharing	254,767	253,833		
Interest	13,017	20,822		
Miscellaneous	58,157	44,637		
Total revenues	585,541	553,750		
Expenses:				
Legislative	71,132	294,043		
General government	164,183	152,216		
Public safety	42,279	37,499		
Community and economic development	24,046	22,486		
Public works	51,067	78,728		
Other functions	43,880	46,025		
Interest on long-term debt	16,568	24,989		
Total expenses	413,155	655,986		
(Decrease) increase in net assets	172,386	(102,236)		
Net assets, beginning of year	891,182	993,418		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,063,568	\$ 891,182		

Property taxes revenue increased by \$16,807 (9 percent) during the year. This is due to new construction.

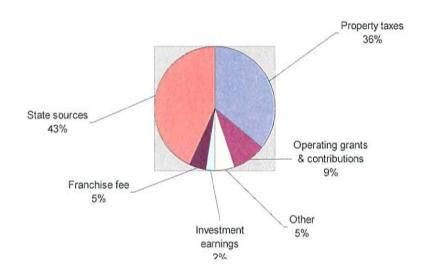
For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

Expenses for governmental activities went from \$655,986 to \$413,155, a decrease of \$242,831. The decrease is due to reduced legal expenses.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Township's general fund reported ending fund balance of \$413,206, an increase of \$118,817. This total constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were relatively minor with the exception of public works (\$87,343).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2007, amounts to \$1,083,471 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment and drain usage rights.

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township had total long-term debt outstanding of \$465,054. The amount of \$296,401 of the Township's debt represents a mortgage payable for the new township hall. The remaining \$168,653 represents Eaton County Drain Assessments.

Additional information on the Township's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Factors Bearing on the Township's Future

These factors were taken into consideration when preparing the fiscal year 2008 budget.

Oneida Charter Township's goal is to continually look for the most efficient and effective methods to maintain and enhance the services that are provided to the public. The Township has a conservative and financially prudent budget for the fiscal year 2008 that also promotes and funds numerous project objectives.

The Township has deliberately made conservative estimates concerning state revenue sharing for fiscal year 2008 due to the budget constraints at the State level. It has also estimated investment earnings conservatively anticipating a slow increase in interest rates.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Township's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Township Manager's Office, 11041 Oneida Road, Grand Ledge, MI 48837-0037.

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2007

Ralance cheet

	Bal	ance sheet				
	дел	ieral fund				
	п	nodified				Statement of
	acc	rual basis	Ad	justments		net assets
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	150,135	\$	-		\$ 150,135
Investments		206,051		-		206,051
Receivables:						
Taxes - current and delinquent		71,673		-		71,673
Special assessments		4,441		-		4,441
Operating		10,373		-		10,373
External party - fiduciary fund		109,423		-		109,423
Due from other governmental units		42,785		44,472	(D)	87,257
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		594,881		44,472		639,353
CAPITAL ASSETS, net of accumulated depreciation		-		1,083,471	(1)	1,083,471
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	594,881		1,127,943		1,722,824
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	5,858		-		5,858
Accrued interest		-		12,527	(2)	12,527
Deferred revenue		175,817		-		175,817
Current portion of long-term obligations				72,806	(A)	72,806
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		181,675		85,333		267,008
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		_		392,248	(A)	392,248
TOTAL LIABILITIES		181,675		477,581		659,256
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS:						
Invested in capital assets net of related debt		-		618,417		618,417
Unreserved, undesignated		413,206		31,945		445,151
TOTAL FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS		413,206	\$	650,362		\$ 1,063,568
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	594,881				

⁽i) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported under the modified accounting.

⁽²⁾ Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

⁽³⁾ Accounts receivable not collected in the 60 day revenue recognition period are not reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/ STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance general fund modified

REVENUE: \$ 207,779 \$ - \$ Taxes \$ 207,779 \$ - \$ Licenses and permits 25,774 - \$	207,779 25,774 254,767 26,047 71,174
Licenses and permits 25,774 -	25,774 254,767 26,047 71,174
	254,767 26,047 71,174
State revenue charing 250 665 4 102 9	26,047 71,174
State revenue similing	71,174
Charges for services 26,047	•
Interest and miscellaneous 71,174 -	
Total revenues	585,541
EXPENDITURES:	
Legislative 71,132 -	71,132
General governmental 139,777 24,406 (9)	164,183
Public safety 42,279 -	42,279
Community and economic development 24,046 -	24,046
Public works 41,621 9,446 40	51,067
Other functions 43,880 -	43,880
Debt service:	
Principal repayment 71,161 (71,161) (2)	-
Interest expense 26,698 (10,130) (2)	16,568
Capital outlay 2,028 (2,028) (0	<u> </u>
Total expenditures 462,622 (49,467)	413,155
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 118,817 53,569	172,386
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS: Beginning of year, as restated294,389596,793	891,182
End of year \$ 413,206 \$ 650,362 \$	1,063,568

⁽¹⁾ Governmental funds report capital assets as expenditures in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. In the statement of activities these expenditures are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

⁽²⁾ Long-term debt is reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental fund. The adjustment represents the change of the year end liability compared to the prior year.

⁽³⁾ Revenues in the statements of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues at the fund level.

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Age	Agency fund	
	coi	Tax Nection fund	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	1,148,038	
LIABILITIES			
Undistributed tax collections:			
Due to general fund	\$	109,423	
Due to governmental units		1,038,615	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,148,038	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Oneida Charter Township have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A, Reporting entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision whether to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic - but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the financial statements of the Oneida Charter Township include the accounts of all Township operations. The Township's major operations include planning and zoning, road maintenance, street lighting, cemetery, and general administrative services. The Township has no component units and is not a component unit of another government.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on the primary government.

The Township utilized the financial statement format recommended by the State of Michigan for single fund entities engaged only in governmental activities.

The Township maintains the general fund and an agency fund, but only the general fund is accounted for as a governmental fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The agency fund is utilized to account for the Township's collection of taxes for other governmental units.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities and equity

1. Cash and investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits. Short-term investments include instruments allowed by state statute subsequently described. Short-term investments are carried at cost or amortized cost.

State statutes authorize the Township to invest in bonds, securities and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Township is also authorized to invest in U.S. government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Receivables

Receivables consist primarily of amounts for taxes and customer charges. No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary and credit risk is minimal because of the large number of customers and the authority of the Township to add receivables to the tax rolls, which are secured by the underlying property.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities and equity (Continued)

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (drain usage rights), are reported in the applicable governmental activity column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Ycars
Building	39
Drain usage rights	50
Office equipment	10-20
Machinery equipment	15
Computer equipment	5

5. Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. The Township does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or prior to the first regular Township board meeting in October, the Township supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a motion,
- 4. The Township Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Township Board.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund.
- 6. Budgets for the general fund are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Township Board at various times. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriation. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in budgeted funds - During the year, the local governmental unit incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

	Budget		Actual		Budget
Budget item	appr	opriation	ex	penditure	 variable
General fund - contracted services	\$	19,821	\$	24,785	\$ (4,964)

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2007, the Township had no investments as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2007, \$1,161,308 of the Township's bank balance of \$1,453,153 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The deposits are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents - including fiduciary funds of \$1,148,038	\$ 1,298,173
Certificates of deposit	 206,051
	\$ 1,504,224

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2007 were as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2006		Additions		Deletions		Balaince December 31, 2007	
Primary government: Governmental activities;								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	75,483	c	_	\$	_	\$	75,483
Edit	Ψ	75,465	- 0	<u> </u>	Ψ		Ψ	75,465
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		695,879		-				695,879
Machinery and equipment		15,515		-		-		15,515
Office equipment and furniture		60,051		2,028		3,638		58,441
Drain usage rights	•	472,314		-		<u> </u>		472,314
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated		1,243,759		2,028		3,638		1,242,149
venil populated		1,2-13,737		2,020		5,050	_	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		55,737		18,696		_		74,433
Machinery and equipment		4,255		1,034		-		5,289
Office equipment and furniture		15,661		4,676		3,638		16,699
Drain usage rights		128,294		9,446		<u> </u>		137,740
Total accumulated depreciation		203,947		33,852		3,638		234,161
est and the fact of the second								
Total capital assets,		1 000 010		~1 00 C				1.000.000
being depreciated, net		1,039,812		(31,824)				1,007,988
Total	\$	1,115,295	\$ ((31,824)	\$		\$	1,083,471

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	24,406
Public works		9,446
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	S	33,852

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2007 is as follows:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Fiduciary	\$ 109,423

The purpose is to transfer funds from the tax collection fund to the general fund.

NOTE 6 - LONG TERM DEBT

Other long-term debt

The government issued installment notes to provide funds for the construction of a new township hall. The original amount issued in prior years was \$500,000. Installment notes outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest rate	Amount
Governmental activities	3.39%	\$ 296,401

The government is assessed for drains at large by Eaton County. The assessment covers the Township's share of installation and usage rights for the drains. General assessments outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest rate	Amount
Governmental activities	5.28%-6.00%	\$ 168,653

NOTE 6 - LONG TERM DEBT (Concluded)

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding are as follows:

	 Jnstalim	ent not	es		General a	issessm	essment		
Year ended December 31	 Principal		Interest		Principal		ntcrest		
2008	\$ 49,741	\$	9,630	\$	23,065	\$	10,007		
2009	51,442		7,929		23,065		8,632		
2010	53,201		6,171		23,065		7,256		
2011	55,019		4,352		23,065		5,881		
2012	56,900		2,471		23,065		4,506		
2013-2017	30,098		510		49,728		5,836		
2018-2020	 				3,600	_	380		
	\$ 296,401	\$	31,063	\$	168,653	\$	42,498		

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2007 was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Additions		Additions Re		Additions Reductions			Ending balance		e within no year
Government activities:											
Installment note payable	\$ 344,498	\$	-	\$	48,097	\$ 296,401	\$	49,741			
Eaton County Drain assessments	191,718				23,065	168,653	_	23,065			
	\$ 536,216	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	71,162	\$ 465,054	_\$_	72,806			

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due without penalty prior to February 14. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also the taxes for the county, intermediate school district, community college and school districts. School district taxes are also collected and remitted to schools in July, August and September. Any taxes uncollected at September 14 are added to the winter tax roll. All tax collections are accounted for in the tax collection fund, an agency fund. Township tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year following the December 1 levy date. Property taxes levied for the ensuing year's revenue are included in taxes receivable and deferred revenue. Property tax receivables related to delinquent taxes are also deferred unless collected within 60 days of year-end.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (Concluded)

The Township is permitted by state statute to levy taxes up to \$1.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general government services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The Township levied \$.9004 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general government services.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN

Money Purchase Retirement Plan

Oneida Charter Township has a Money Purchase Retirement Plan, which was established on January 1, 2006. This defined contribution plan covers all full time employees and elected officials. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Plan plus results of investments transactions. The Plan assets are invested by Manufacturers Life Insurance Company who is the trustee of the Plan. The Township acts as a public plan sponsor for the retirement plan. Vesting occurs at 100% immediately. The Township contributes 10% of the employees' base annual compensation, based on the contribution provisions set up in the plan and trust agreement. The Township's total eligible payroll was approximately \$150,000. The Township made the required contributions of approximately \$15,000 plus prior service costs of approximately \$5,000.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Township carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the activities described above. No settlements have incurred in excess of coverage for the year ended December 31, 2007 or any of the prior three years.

NOTE 10 – RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Beginning net assets have been increased by \$40,370 to reflect the receipt of the final 2006 state revenue sharing payment in March of 2007.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Current property tax - general	\$ 124,778	\$ 138,553	\$ 130,654	\$ (7,899)	
P.A. 425 taxes	24,000	•	22,435	-	
Penalties and interest	3,200	4,846	4,846		
Property tax administration fees	52,000	49,844	49,844	<u> </u>	
Total taxes	203,978	215,678	207,779	(7,899)	
Licenses and permits	45,000	25,774	25,774	<u> </u>	
State revenue sharing	261,289	250,950	250,665	(285)	
Charges for services	32,000	24,573	26,047	1,474	
Interest and miscellaneous:					
Interest:					
Interest income	12,000	12,749	13,017	268	
Miscellaneous:					
Reimbursements	12,000	21,490	21,490	-	
Special assessments	12,000	9,028	10,363	1,335	
Cable franchise fees	22,000	30,739	26,304	(4,435)	
Incoming transfers and other sources	10,000				
Total interest and miscellaneous	68,000	74,006	71,174	(2,832)	
TOTAL REVENUES	610,267	590,981	581,439	(9,542)	

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		riginal udget	Fínal budget		Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Legislative:							
Township board:							
Salaries	\$	8,700	\$	8,700	S 8,700	\$ -	
Office supplies		3,500		1,894	1,894	-	
Audit services		9,000		9,000	9,000	-	
Legal services		35,000		21,622	16,531	5,091	
Other professional services		10,000		13,331	13,331	-	
Dues and membership		2,800		2,887	2,887	-	
Printing and publishing		4,000		2,640	2,640	-	
Other		15,000		16,149	16,149_		
Total legislative		88,000		76,223	71,132	5,091	
General government:							
Township supervisor:							
Salaries		20,000		20,000	20,000	-	
Total township supervisor		20,000		20,000	20,000		
Elections:							
Salaries		1,000		3,115	3,115	-	
Office supplies		-		1,464	1,464	-	
Printing and publishing		1,000		696	696	-	
Other		500		92	92		
Total elections		2,500		5,367	5,367		
Assessor:							
Salaries		22,000		22,100	22,100	-	
Other		200		161	161		
Total assessor		22,200		22,261	22,261		

ONEIDA CHARTER FOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	riginal udget	Fin	al budget		Actual	Varian final b posi (nega	udget tive
EXPENDITURES (Continued):							
General government (Concluded):							
Clerk:	25 220	•	25 000	•	25 000	6 •	
Salaries	\$ 25,000 200	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-
Deputy salaries Other	200		215		215		•
	 			_			<u> </u>
Total clerk	 25,400		25,215		25,215		<u> </u>
Board of review:							
Salaries	1,050		963		963		-
Printing and publishing	 150		167		167		
Total board of review	 1,200		1,130		1,130		
Treasurer:							
Salaries	25,000		25,000		25,000		_
Deputy salaries	200		-		,		-
Other	 100		-				
Total treasurer	 25,300		25,000	_	25,000		
Hall and grounds:							
Utilities	12,000		9,862		9,862		-
Repairs and maintenance	1,000		1,182		1,182		-
Other			2,554		2,554		
Total hall and grounds	13,000		13,598		13,598		
Watershed Council	6,000		5,040		5,040		
Cemetery:							
Salaries	2,300		3,320		3,320		-
Deputy salaries	6,700		8,612		8,612		-
Contract services	2,000		1,000		1,000		-
Supplies	1,500		1,317		1,317		-
Repairs and maintenance	4,000		_		-		-
Other	 ····		7,917		7,917		<u> </u>
Total cemetery	 16,500		22,166	_	22,166		
Total general government	 132,100		139,777		139,777		

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

EXPENDITURES (Continued): Public safety: Building inspections: Salaries \$ 21,000 \$ 22,755 \$ 22,755 \$ MEP inspections 25,000 18,260 18,260 Printing and publishing 500 - - - Other 200 1,264 1,264 Total building inspections 46,700 42,279 42,279 Community and economic development:	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
Building inspections: \$ 21,000 \$ 22,755 \$ 22,755 \$ Salaries \$ 21,000 \$ 22,755 \$ 22,755 \$ MEP inspections 25,000 18,260 18,260 Printing and publishing 500	_	
Salaries \$ 21,000 \$ 22,755 \$ 22,755 \$ MEP inspections 25,000 18,260 18,260 Printing and publishing 500 - - Other 200 1,264 1,264 Total building inspections 46,700 42,279 42,279 Community and economic development: 46,700 42,279 42,279		
MEP inspections 25,000 18,260 18,260 Printing and publishing 500 - - Other 200 1,264 1,264 Total building inspections 46,700 42,279 42,279 Community and economic development:		
Printing and publishing 500 - - Other 200 1,264 1,264 Total building inspections 46,700 42,279 42,279 Community and economic development: 46,700 42,279 42,279	-	
Other 200 1,264 1,264 Total building inspections 46,700 42,279 42,279 Community and economic development: 46,700 42,279 42,279	-	
Total building inspections 46,700 42,279 42,279 Community and economic development:	-	
Community and economic development:		
	_	
Zoning board:		
Salaries 21,000 22,755 22,755	-	
Board salaries 1,000 1,005 1,005	-	
Printing and publishing 600 151 151	-	
Other 300 135 135	-	
Total zoning board 22,900 24,046 24,046	_	
Public works:		
Highways and streets:		
Contracted services 111,000 19,821 24,785 (4,96	54)	
Public utilities:	•	
Utilities 13,000 16,836 16,836	_	
Total public works 124,000 36,657 41,621 (4,96	<u>54)</u>	
Other functions:		
Medicare and social security 11,000 12,256 12,256	-	
Insurance and bonds 13,000 9,972 9,972	-	
Employer's share of retirement 20,000 20,349 20,349	-	
Workers compensation insurance 2,100 1,250 1,250	-	
Bank service charges - 33 33	-	
Other 1,000 20 20	•	
Outgoing transfers and other uses - 13,070 - 13,07	70	
Total other functions 47,100 56,950 43,880 13,07	70	

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Origînal budget		_ Fin	ıal budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
EXPENDITURES (Concluded): Debt service:							
Drains at large principal	\$	43,138	\$	23,064	\$ 23,064	\$	_
Mortgage principal		48,097		48,097	48,097		_
Total principal		91,235		71,161	71,161		
Drains at large interest		_		15,424	15,424		
Mortgage interest		11,274		11,274	11,274		
Total interest		11,274		26,698	26,698		_
Total debt service		102,509		97,859	97,859		<u>.</u>
Capital outlay:							
Township Board		1,000		2,028	2,028		_
Hall and grounds		8,000		-,	-,		
Cemetery		500					
Total capital outlay		9,500		2,028	2,028		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		572,809		475,819	462,622		13,197
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	s	37,458	\$	115,162	118,817	\$	3,655
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					294,389		
End of year					\$ 413,206		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	2007		2006		
ASSETS					
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	150,135	\$	10,887	
Investments		206,051		228,394	
Receivables:					
Taxes - current and delinquent		71,673		73,589	
Special assessments		4,441		3,866	
Operating		10,373		14,807	
Due from fiduciary fund		109,423		95,139	
Due from other governmental units		42,785		43,070	
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$_	594,881	\$	469,752	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$	5,858	\$	5,986	
Deferred revenue		175,817		169,377	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		181,675		175,363	
FUND BALANCE:					
Unreserved, undesignated		413,206		294,389	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	_\$	594,881	\$	469,752	

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON MICHIGAN GENERAL FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	2007	2006
REVENUE:		
Taxes	\$ 207,779	\$ 190,972
Licenses and permits	25,774	15,204
State revenue sharing	250,665	253,833
Charges for services	26,047	28,282
Interest and miscellaneous	71,174	65,459
Total revenues	581,439	553,750
EXPENDITURES:		
Legislative	71,132	294,043
General government	139,777	127,826
Public safety	42,279	37,499
Community and economic development	24,046	22,486
Public works	41,621	69,282
Other functions	43,880	46,025
Debt service:		
Principal repayment	71,161	75,237
Interest expense	26,698	24,673
Capital outlay	2,028	4,590
Total expenditures	462,622	701,661
Net change in fund balance	118,817	(147,911)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	294,389	442,300
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 413,206	\$ 294,389

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN SCHEDULE OF INSTALLMENT NOTE PAYABLE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Year	Building note
2008	\$ 59,372
2009	59,372
2010	59,372
2011	59,372
2012	59,372
2013	30,604
	327,464
Less interest	31,063
	\$ 296,401

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN SCHEDULE OF GENERAL ASSESSMENT PAYABLE DECEMBER 31, 2007

Year	Waldo & Branches		Total		
2008	\$ 2,024	\$ 31,047	\$ 33,071		
2009	1,960	29,736	31,696		
2010	1,897	28,424	30,321		
2011	1,834	27,112	28,946		
2012	1,770	25,800	27,570		
2013	1,707	24,488	26,195		
2014	1,644	23,180	24,824		
2015	1,580	-	1,580		
2016	1,517	-	1,517		
2017	1,453	-	1,453		
2018	1,390	-	1,390		
2019	1,326	-	1,326		
2020	1,262	<u> </u>	1,262		
	21,364	189,787	211,151		
Less interest	5,766_	36,732_	42,498		
	\$ 15,598	\$ 153,055	\$ 168,653		

Note: Drains at large consists of drains installed by Eaton County Drain Commission in which the State of Michigan, homeowner, Oncida Township, and the Eaton County Drain Commission share the cost of installment. Oncida Township is assessed yearly for their share of the cost plus interest on the outstanding balance. Interest rates charged to the different projects range from 5.28% to 6.00%.

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DECEMBER 31, 2007

TAX COLLECTION FUND

ASSETS	Balar Januar 200	гу 1,	#	Additions	djustments d payments	Balance cember 31, 2007
Cash	\$ 1,72	1,254	\$	4,466,277	\$ 5,039,493	\$ 1,148,038
LIABILITIES						
Due to county Due to schools Due to State of Michigan Due to libraries	93 1:	0,496 1,300 9,467 7,369	\$	1,969,696 1,812,342 1,202 130,723	\$ 2,221,732 2,055,268 11,402 155,763	\$ 148,460 688,374 9,267 52,329
Due to others Due to GLAESA Due to general fund		- 7,4 83 5,139		8,179 341,457 202,678	 8,179 398,755 188,394	 140,185 109,423
	\$ 1,72	1,254	\$	4,466,277	\$ 5,039,493	\$ 1,148,038

ONEIDA CHARTER TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF EATON, MICHIGAN AGENCY FUND

CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Balance, January 1, 2007		\$ 1,721,254
Receipts:		
Current taxes and assessments	\$ 4,390,057	
Delinquent taxes	6,568	
Administration fees	49,844	
Dog licenses	2,825	
Interest and penalties	8,804	
Overpaid taxes	8,179	
Total receipts		4,466,277
Disbursements:		
Eaton County	2,221,732	
Grand Ledge Schools	954,153	
Charlotte Schools	28,569	
Strange School	73,787	
Portland Schools	435	
Potterville Schools	269	
Lansing Community College	477,652	
Eaton Intermediate Schools	520,139	
Ionia Intermediate Schools	264	
General fund	188,394	
Grand Ledge Library	155,763	
Refund taxes	8,179	
Grand Ledge Area Emergency Services Authority	398,755	
State of Michigan	11,402	
Total disbursements		5,039,493
Balance, December 31, 2007		\$ 1,148,038



Lamonte T. Lator Bruce J. Dunn Jeffrey C. Stevens Linda I. Schirmer Steven W. Scott David M. Raeck Robert E. Miller, Jr. Steven B. Robbins James E. Nyquist James R. Dedyne Timothy H. Adams David B. Caldwell Edward L. Williams, III Timothy J. Orians Dennis D. Theis James A. McNeeley

Walter P. Maner, Jr. (1921-2004) Floyd L. Costerisan Leon A. Ellis (1933-1988)

June 5, 2008

To the Board of Trustees Oneida Charter Township

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Oneida Charter Township as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Oneida Charter Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Township's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Township's internal control. We consider the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control:

Financial Statements

Currently, the Township's staff prepares the interim and annual financial statements. The annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, required relatively few audit adjustments, most of which the staff were aware needed to be recorded. Effective for the year ended December 31, 2006, Statement on Auditing Standards #112 titled *Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit* (issued May 2006), requires us to communicate in writing when a client requires assistance to prepare the footnotes required in the annual audit report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The staff of the Township does understand all information included in the annual financial statements; however, we assist in preparing the footnotes to the annual financial statements. We do not recommend any changes to this situation at this time and communicate this as required by professional standards.

In addition, during our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated June 05, 2008 on the financial statements of Oneida Charter Township. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. Our comments are summarized as follows.

Budget Compliance:

We observed the budgeted expenditures exceeded the actual amount by \$4,964 in the general fund public works. This is due to the Township maintaining the books on the cash basis, while the financial statements present the modified accrual basis of accounting, which includes audit adjustments. Although the amount is relatively small and we believe the Township's budgeting policies and procedures are operating in proper manner, the Township should monitor the budget variances and continue to amend the budget when necessary to comply with the uniform budgeting act. Please keep in mind that budget adjustments should be made before expenditures are actually made.

Tax Fund

Although there are controls in place to protect the assets of the Township, we noted that internal control can be strengthened by implementing dual signatures on all Tax Fund checks. In addition, we understand the Township Clerk maintains numerical sequence of checks by obtaining copies of checks. We recommend that in addition to the check copies being forwarded to the Clerk, copies of the tax support workpapers be reviewed and maintained by the Clerk. These suggestions are designed to enhance the internal controls already in place by the Township.

Expense Reimbursement

During the audit, we noted that the Clerk authorized his own expense reimbursement and signed the check. Even though there was adequate supporting documentation to support the reimbursement checks and the checks had dual signatures, we recommend that another authorized Board member approve the expense reimbursement by reviewing and signing the reimbursement request. Adopting this policy will significantly strengthen internal control over cash disbursements.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Oneida Charter Township, management, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the cooperation we received from your staff during our engagement and the opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,

Mamer, Costenson & Ellis, P.C.



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Walter P. Maner, Jr. (1921-2004) Floyd L. Costerisan Leon A. Ellis (1933-1988)

June 5, 2008

To the Board of Trustees Oneida Charter Township

We have audited the financial statements of Oneida Charter Township for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated June 05, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated April 1, 2008, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Auditing

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on March 14, 2008.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Oneida Charter Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2007. We noted no transactions entered into by Oneida Charter Township during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements were estimated fixed asset lives for depreciation.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 05, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Township's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of Oneida Charter Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Mamer, Costenson & Ellis, P.C.

June 05, 2008